



SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY OFFICE



MSFC's Advanced Space Propulsion Formulation Task

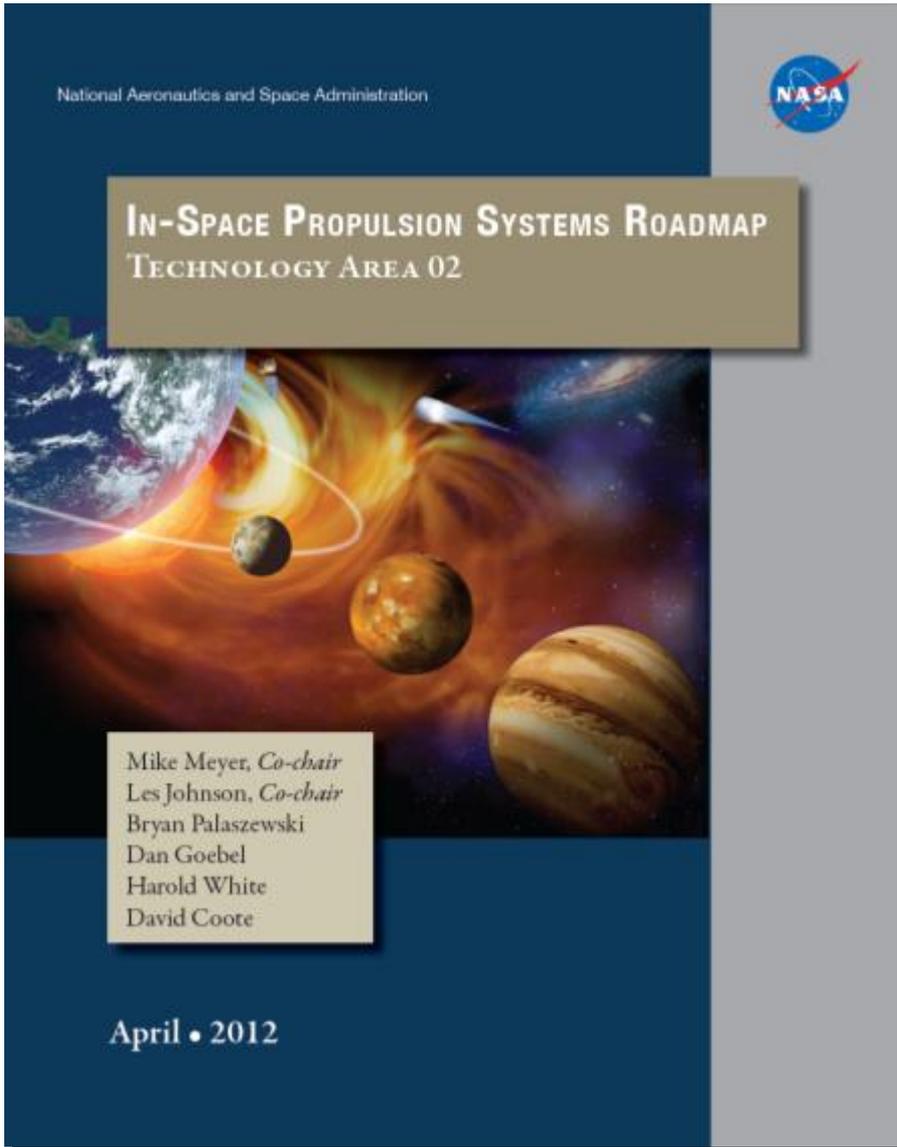
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- Purpose
- Background
- Task Activity
- Sample Results
- Information Access

Formulation Task Purpose

- Provide NASA Space Technology Program (STP) and Office of the Chief Technologist (OCT) with a knowledge base on advanced space propulsion technologies
 - Furnishes next layer of detail for technologies summarized in NASA's In-Space Propulsion Systems Roadmap, Technology Area 02 (TA-02)
 - Supports STP/OCT on where investments should be made
 - Enable good strategic decision making
 - Allows for better utilization of STP/OCT resources by giving context to any past, current, or proposed in-space propulsion technology development efforts in terms of:
 - Performance capability
 - Technology Readiness Level
 - Focus on those with potentially major impacts



- 45 Technologies were identified in NASA's In-Space Propulsion Systems Roadmap, Technology Area 02 (TA-02)
- TA-02 roadmap divided into four basic groups
 - (1) Chemical Propulsion
 - (2) Non-chemical Propulsion
 - (3) Advanced (TRL<3) Propulsion Technologies
 - (4) Supporting Technologies (pertinent technical areas strongly coupled with these groups which could allow significant improvements in performance)
- TA-02 Roadmap limited to 30 pages; more information needed to better understand each concept
- 25 of 45 were studied during this formulation task
 - Emphasis was on groups (3) and (2)

1.0 Chemical Propulsion

- 1.01 Monopropellants
- 1.02 Bipropellants
- 1.03 High-Energy Propellants
- 1.04 High-Energy Oxidizers
- 1.05 LOX/Methane Cryogenic
- 1.06 LOX/LH2 Cryogenic
- 1.07 Gelled and Metalized-Gelled Propellants
- 1.08 Solid Rocket Propulsion Systems
- 1.09 Hybrid Rockets
- 1.10 Cold Gas/Warm Gas Systems
- 1.11 Solid Micropropulsion
- 1.12 Solid Cold Gas/Warm Gas Micropropulsion Systems
- 1.13 Hydrazine or Hydrogen Peroxide Monopropellant Micropropulsion

2.0 Nonchemical Propulsion

- 2.01 Resistojets
- 2.02 Arcjets
- 2.03 Ion Thrusters
- 2.04 Hall Thrusters
- 2.05 Pulsed Inductive Thrusters
- 2.06 Magnetoplasmadynamic Thrusters
- 2.07 Variable Specific Impulse Magnetoplasma Rocket
- 2.08 Microresistojets
- 2.09 Teflon Microcavity Discharge
- 2.10 Micropulse Plasma
- 2.11 Miniature Ion/Hall

2.0 Nonchemical Propulsion (Continued)

- 2.12 MEMS Electro spray
- 2.13 Solar Sail Propulsion
- 2.14 Solar Thermal
- 2.15 Nuclear Thermal
- 2.16 Electrodynamic Tether
- 2.17 Momentum Exchange Tether

3.0 Advanced Propulsion Technologies

- 3.01 Beamed Energy Propulsion
- 3.02 Electric Sail Propulsion
- 3.03 Fusion Propulsion
- 3.04 Metallic Hydrogen
- 3.05 Atomic Boron/Carbon/Hydrogen
- 3.06 High Nitrogen Compounds (N4+, N5+)
- 3.07 Antimatter Propulsion
- 3.08 Gas Core Fission
- 3.09 Fission Fragment
- 3.10 External Pulsed Plasma Propulsion
- 3.11 Breakthrough Propulsion Physics

4.0 Supporting Technologies

- 4.01 Engine Health Monitoring and Safety
- 4.02 Propellant Storage, Transfer & Gauging
- 4.03 Materials & Manufacturing Technologies
- 4.04 Heat Rejection
- 4.05 Power

Technologies Addressed in Formulation Task

1.0 Chemical Propulsion

- 1.01 Monopropellants
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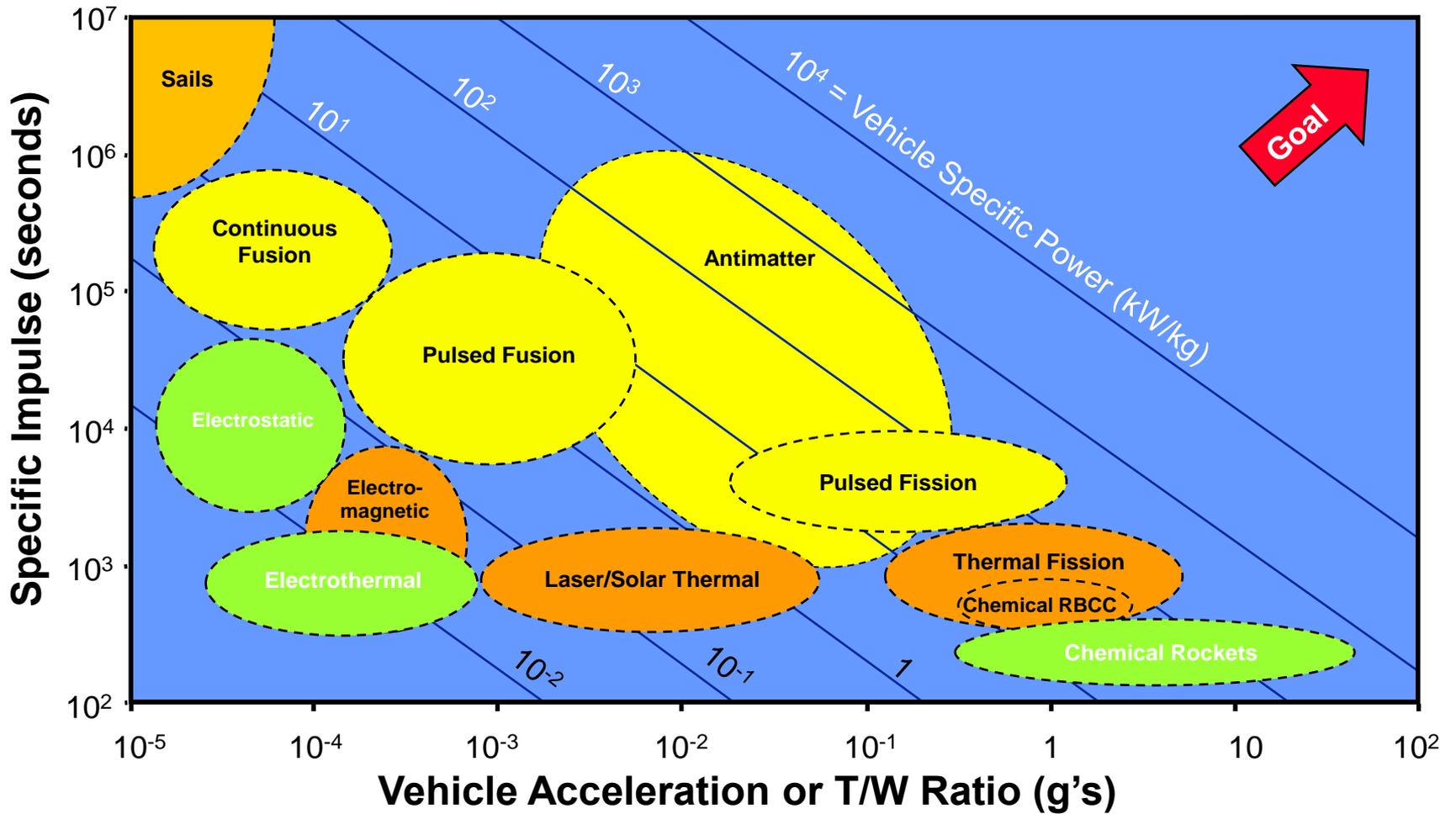
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- **Map relevant existing technology and R&D efforts that NASA funds on Space Propulsion Concepts chart to identify gaps**
- **Generate Summary Report and one-page Summary Chart for each technology that includes:**
 - Narrative Description of technology with images depicting concepts and technology current state of the art (laboratory, flight experiments, etc)
 - Mission Applications and/or benefits of using concept compared to existing chemical systems
 - Identification of professional experts (by Name and Organization)
 - Description of past or current efforts at NASA, DoD, and universities
 - Identification of supporting subsystem or component technology hurdles (if applicable) needing development for this propulsion system concept to be feasible
 - Some may be shared by multiple concepts, increasing their importance
 - Estimate of financial investment with each technology to date (if available)

Space Propulsion Concepts



● Unproven Technology (TRL 1-3)
 ● Demonstrated Technology (TRL 4-6)
 ● Operational Systems (TRL 7-9)

Mapping of Early FY12 NASA Efforts



Category/Award	AES	Grants	SBIR	STTR	TDM	NIAC	Other	ISP	Total
Chemical Rockets	2	2	2			1		1	8
Chemical RBCC									0
Thermal Fission	1		2						3
Pulsed Fission						1			1
Antimatter			1						1
Laser/Solar Thermal									0
Pulsed Fusion			1						1
Electrothermal			1						1
Electro-Magnetic		4	2	1				1	8
Electrostatic		2	2					2	6
Continuous Fusion			1			2			3
Sails					1	1	2		4

- AES: Advanced Exploration Systems
- SBIR: Small Business Innovative Research
- STTR: Small Business Technology Transfer
- TDM: Technology Demonstration Missions
- NIAC: NASA Innovative Advanced Concepts
- ISP: OCT In-Space Propulsion Project

Information Included for Each Concept

- Summary
- Conclusions and Recommendations
- Typical Schematics
- Applications
- Benefits

The collage displays several overlapping pages from a technical report. Visible sections include:

- Typical Schematics:** A diagram showing a rocket engine nozzle with a red arrow indicating thrust, labeled 'Kinetic Energy'.
- Necessary:** Text describing the need for thermal propulsion systems, mentioning efficiency and power requirements.
- Summary:** Text providing an overview of the technology and its potential applications.
- Applications:** Text discussing the use of solar thermal propulsion for various space missions.
- Benefits:** Text highlighting the advantages of this technology, such as reduced cost and increased mission flexibility.
- Limitations:** Text identifying the challenges and constraints associated with the technology.
- Previous NASA SBIR/STTR Awards:** A list of past funding awards from NASA.
- Previous DOD SBIR/STTR Awards:** A list of past funding awards from the Department of Defense.
- Currently Availability:** Information regarding the current status of the technology.
- Flight/Test Heritage:** Details of previous flight and ground testing of the technology.

- Limitations
- Previous NASA SBIR/STTR Awards
- Previous DOD SBIR/STTR Awards
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- Flight/Test Heritage

- Results of this task need wide dissemination
 - Ease of use by STP/OCT
 - Access to interested researchers and Subject Matter Experts
- Plan to utilize a web-based system
 - Examples being investigated:
 - NASA TechPort
 - MSFC Propulsion Databook
 - Allows for easy access, review, and updating
 - “Living” document

Summary

- Formulation task was performed in FY12 to provide additional substance, depth, and activity knowledge to technology areas identified in TA-02, In-Space Propulsion Systems Roadmap
 - 25 of 45 TA-02 Technologies were studied
- Not a complete catalog but attempted to make results objective and factual
- Information is considered in a “draft” state
 - Recommending SMEs and others working in these areas review and provide updates
- Utilize information to develop proposals of promising advanced propulsion technologies

- The following individuals are duly noted for their execution of the formulation task
 - Joel Robinson, Task Manager
 - Harold Gerrish, Technical Reviewer
 - Les Johnson, Technical Reviewer
 - Dan Thomas, Technical Reviewer
 - Adam Butt, Technical Reviewer
 - Tony Robertson, Technical Reviewer